# Consolidated text of the Statute of ENEA S.A.

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS		
	§ 1	
1.	The Company is incorporated under the business name: ENEA Spółka Akcyjna	
2.	The Company may use the abbreviated name: ENEA S.A	
	§ 2	
1.	The Company's registered office is in Poznań	
2.	The Company conducts its activity in the Republic of Poland and abroad	
3.	The Company may establish and run branch offices, representative offices and other units	
	in addition to participating in other companies and ventures in the Republic of Poland and	
	abroad	
	§ 3	
The	Company was formed as a result of the transformation of the state-owned enterprise under	
the r	name: Zakład Energetyczny Poznań in Poznań into a company operating under the name:	
Ener	getyka Poznańska Spółka Akcyjna and a merger with the following companies: Energetyka	
Szcz	zecińska S.A., Zielonogórskie Zakłady Energetyczne S.A., Zakład Energetyczny Gorzów	
S.A.	, Zakład Energetyczny Bydgoszcz S.A., effected by way of Energetyka Poznańska Spółka	
Akc	yjna taking over the above companies' assets	
	§ 4	
The	Company is established in perpetuity	

# THE COMPANY'S CORPORATE OBJECTS -----

l.	The	Company's corporate objects are as follows (PKD – Polish Classification of
	Acti	vity):
	1)	production of electricity (35.11.Z),
	2)	trading in electricity (35.14.Z),
	3)	production of gaseous fuels (35.21.Z),
	4)	distribution of gaseous fuels through networks (35.22.Z),
	5)	trading in gaseous fuels through networks (35.23.Z),
	6)	steam, hot water and air production and supply for air conditioning systems
		(35.30.Z),
	7)	works connected with constructing transmission pipelines and distribution
		networks (42.21.Z),
	8)	electrical installations (43.21.Z),
	9)	other building installations (43.29.Z),
	10)	architectural activities (71.11.Z),
	11)	other technical testing and analysis (71.20.B),
	12)	Other research and experimental development work on other natural sciences and
		engineering 72.19.Z,
	13)	other specialized construction work, n.e.c. (43.99.Z),
	14)	maintenance and repair of machinery (33.12.Z),
	15)	maintenance and repair of electrical and optical equipment (33.13.Z),
	16)	maintenance and repair of electrical machinery (33.14.Z),
	17)	renting construction and civil engineering machinery and equipment (77.32.Z),
	18)	renting of other machinery, equipment and goods, n. e. c. (77.39.Z),
	19)	manufacture of electronic parts and components (26.11.Z),
	20)	manufacture of energy distribution and control apparatus (27.12.Z),
	21)	manufacture of installation equipment (27.33.Z),
	22)	manufacture of accumulators, primary cells and primary batteries (27.20.Z),
	23)	manufacture of lighting equipment and electric lamps (27.40.Z),
	24)	installing industrial machinery and equipment (33.20.7)

25)	telecommunications (61),
26)	land transport, transport via pipelines (49),
27)	wholesale trade, except of motor vehicles (46),
28)	retail trade, except for retail trade of motor vehicles (47),
29)	warehousing and transport-supporting services (52),
30)	accounting, book-keeping and auditing activities; tax consultancy (69.20.Z),
31)	market research and public opinion polling (73.20.Z),
32)	other professional, scientific and engineering activity, n. e. c. (74.90.Z),
33)	activities of financial holding companies (64.20.Z),
34)	other forms of granting credit (64.92.Z),
35)	real estate agency activities (68),
36)	software and hardware consultancy (62),
37)	advertising, market research and public opinion polling (73),
38)	technology (85.32.A),
39)	healthcare (86),
40)	activities of membership organizations (94),
41)	recreational, cultural and sporting activities (93),
42)	motion picture, television, video and sound recording activity (59),
43)	activities of travel agencies and tour operators and other travel reservation services
	and related activity (79),
44)	publishing (58),
45)	maintenance and repair of motor vehicles, except of motorcycles (45.20.Z),
46)	retail sale of parts and accessories for motor vehicles, except of motorcycles
	(45.32.Z),
47)	retail sale of automotive fuels through petrol stations (47.30.Z),
48)	hotels and other provision of short-stay accommodation (55.10.Z),
49)	wholesale and retail trade of automobiles and light commercial vehicles (45.11.Z),
50)	wholesale and retail trade of other motor vehicles, except of motorcycles (45.19.Z)
51)	other financial services activity, not elsewhere classified, excluding pension
	insurance and pension funds (64.99.Z)
52)	activities of head offices and holding companies, excluding financial holding
	companies (70.10.Z),
53)	public relations and communication activities (70.21.Z),
54)	business and other management consultancy activities (70.22.Z),

	55)	data processing, management of websites (hosting) and similar activity (63.11.Z),-
	56)	activity connected with searching for work places and gaining employees (78.10.Z),
	57)	service activity connected with office administration (82.11.Z),
	58)	extraction of crude petroleum (06.10.Z),
	59)	extraction of natural gas (06.20.Z),
	60)	other mining and quarrying n.e.c. (08.99.Z),
	61)	support activities for petroleum and natural gas extraction (09.10.Z),
	62)	support activities for other mining and quarrying (09.90.Z),
	63)	manufacture of refined petroleum products (19.20.Z),
	64)	test drilling and boring works (43.13.Z),
	65)	agents involved in the sale of fuels, ores, metals and industrial chemicals (46.12.Z),
	66)	wholesale of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels and related products (46.71.Z),
	67)	gaseous fuels transport via pipeline (49.50.A),
	68)	transport via pipeline of other goods (49.50.B),
	69)	service activities incidental to land transportation (52.21.Z),
	70)	engineering activities and related technical consultancy (71.12.Z),
	71)	web portal content (63.12.Z),
	72)	photocopying, document preparation and other specialized office support (82.19.Z),
	73)	repair of computers and peripheral equipment (95.11.Z),
	74)	repair of communication equipment (95.12.Z)
2.	If ur	ndertaking a specific activity requires obtaining a particular consent, license or
	exen	nption, such an activity will be undertaken by the Company only after such a consent,
	licen	se or exemption is obtained
3.		Company performs activities related to guaranteeing the energy security of the
	Repu	ublic of Poland

1. The Company's share capital shall be PLN 529,731,093 (five hundred twenty-nine million seven hundred thirty-one thousand ninety-three Polish zloty) and shall be divided into 529,731,093 (five hundred twenty-nine million seven hundred thirty-one thousand ninety-three) shares with a par value of PLN 1.00 (one Polish zloty) each, including:-----

	a)	295,987,473 (two hundred ninety-five million nine hundred eighty-seven thousand four hundred seventy-three) series "A" ordinary bearer shares,
	b)	41,638,955 (forty-one million six hundred thirty-eight thousand nine hundred fifty-five) series "B" ordinary bearer shares,
	c)	103,816,150 (one hundred three million eight hundred sixteen thousand one hundred fifty) series "C" ordinary bearer shares, and
	d)	88,288,515 (eighty-eight million two hundred eighty-eight thousand five hundred fifteen) series "D" ordinary bearer shares
2.	in conn	'A" shares become bearer shares upon approval of the issue prospectus prepared ection with the admission of such shares to trading on the regulated market of the v Stock Exchange.
3. III.	and Ce State T can be shares Certain after th free-of-	"series shares are designated for purposes set out in the Act on Commercialization rtain Employee Rights and the Act on the terms of purchasing shares from the reasury as part of consolidating electricity sector companies, in particular, they redeemed for the purpose of exercising the equivalent of the right to acquire the free-of-charge, as set out in Article 38b of the Act on Commercialization and Employee Rights. The "B" series shares will become bearer shares immediately expiry of the prohibition to sell or the expiry of the right to acquire the shares charge.  HOLDERS' RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS
		§ 7
1.	(Repea	led)
		§ 8
1.		impany's shares may be redeemed upon the shareholder's consent as part of their tion by the Company (voluntary redemption)
2.	Volunta	ary redemption may take place against remuneration or free-of-charge

The resolution of the Shareholders Meeting concerning share redemption should specify

in particular: the legal grounds for the redemption, the amount of remuneration to which

3.

	the shareholder is entitled or the justification for the share redemption without
	remuneration, as well as the manner of decreasing the share capital
IV	. THE COMPANY'S CORPORATE BODIES
	§ 9
The	Company's corporate bodies are:
1.	the Management Board,
2.	the Supervisory Board,
3.	the General Shareholders Meeting
ΑТ	HE COMPANY'S MANAGEMENT BOARD
	§ 10
1.	The Management Board runs the Company's affairs and represents the Company
2.	Two Management Board members acting jointly or one Management Board member and
	an authorized signatory acting jointly are authorized to make declarations of will on
	behalf of the Company
3.	The Management Board President is in charge of the work of the Management Board. –
	§ 11
1.	The Management Board regulations set out the operations of the Management Board, the
	terms and conditions of running the Company's affairs by the Management Board and
	adopting resolutions. The Management Board regulations are drafted by the Management
	Board on the basis of the guidelines set out by the Supervisory Board, adopted by a
	Management Board resolution, and approved by the Supervisory Board
2.	A resolution of the Management Board is required for all matters beyond the scope of the
	Company's ordinary activity, including but not limited to:
	1) adopting the rules and regulations of organizational units and the Company's
	organizational rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the Company's
	organizational rules and regulations by the Supervisory Board,

2)	establishing and closing branch offices,
3)	appointing authorized signatories or authorized representatives, except for those
	authorized to represent the Company in court, with the appointment of an authorized
	representative being contingent on the consent of all Management Board members,
4)	taking out loans,
5)	adopting annual material and financial plans, including investment plans and long-
	term strategic plans, subject to their approval by the Supervisory Board,
6)	incurring contingencies, including the issue of guarantees, sureties and promissory
	notes by the Company,
7)	acquiring, disposing of, or encumbering real property, perpetual usufruct or real
	property interest on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive
	months with a value of the equivalent of PLN 200,000 or more,
8)	offering the Company's real property for leasing, lease, borrowing, usufruct or
	other use,
9)	assuming the leasing, lease, rent, usufruct or other use of real property on the basis
	of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, with the value of the
	rent equivalent to PLN 200,000 or more,
10)	acquiring, selling or encumbering fixed assets, with the exception of real property,
	perpetual usufruct or real property interests, on the basis of one or more legal acts
	during twelve consecutive months, with a value equivalent to PLN 200,000 or more,
11)	any instance of offering fixed assets, except for real property, for leasing, lease,
	rent, borrowing, usufruct or any other use,
12)	any instance of assuming the leasing, lease, rent, usufruct or any other use of fixed
	assets, except for real property, on the basis of one or more legal acts, during twelve
	consecutive months, with the value of the rent for twelve consecutive months
	equivalent to PLN 200,000 or more,
13)	matters the resolution of which is requested by the Management Board from the
	Supervisory Board or General Meeting,
14)	determining the manner of the Company's exercise of the voting rights at the
	general meeting or the shareholders meeting of Significant Subsidiaries,
15)	adopting rules and procedures aimed at the realization of the common economic
	interest of the capital group, including those based on the segments of the capital
	group's activity (business areas) and the shaping of:

	a) organizational, information and decision-making structures within the capit
	group,
	b) procedures for managing business activities and joint ventures within the capit
	group, to ensure the functional and economic viability of the capital group
$2^{1}$ .	No resolution of the Management Board shall be required for any of the legal transaction
	specified in § 11(2)(7) through (12) entered into with a Subsidiary if the Company is the
	sole shareholder of such Subsidiary.
3.	The Management Board is responsible for drafting the plans referred to in § 11 item 2(
	and submitting them to the Supervisory Board for approval
4.	The Company's Management Board provides the Supervisory Board, together with the
	Management Board's report on the Company's operations for the previous financial year
	with reports on:
	1) representation expenditures, expenses on legal services, marketing services, publ
	relations services and social communication services and consultancy service
	related to the management,
	2) compliance with the good practices defined by the Prime Minister pursuant
	Article 7(3)(2) of the act on the principles of state assets management
5.	The Management Board is obliged, in companies towards which the Company is a pare
	under Article 4 item 3 of the act of 16 February 2007 on protection of consumers an
	competition, in conjunction with Article 17 item 7, Article 18 item 2, Article 20 ar
	Article 23 in relation to Article 18a and Article 23a of the act on the principles of sta
	assets management, to implement the principles enumerated in the act on state asset
	management
6.	The Company's Management Board, at least once a year, prepares a report on the
	implementation by the Management Board of investment projects
7.	The resolutions of the Board of Management are adopted with majority of votes.
	If an equal number of votes are cast for and against the resolutions, the Chairman of the
	Supervisory Board will cast the deciding vote
8.	The Management Board can:
	1) adopt resolutions by telephone or by other means of remote communication, in
	manner that allows all the Board members to communicate directly,
	2) adopt resolutions without holding a meeting by placing signatures on the same cop
	(or copies) of a draft resolution or on separate documents with the same content
	where the adoption of a resolution according to this procedure must be justified

	writing in advance and the draft resolution must be presented to all members of the
	Management Board together with the justification
9.	Management Board Members may participate in the adoption of resolutions by the
	Management Board by casting their vote in writing through another Management Board
	Member
	§ 12
1.	The Company's Management Board is composed of a minimum of three and a maximum of eight persons, including the Management Board President. The number of Management Board members is determined by the Supervisory Board.
2.	The Management Board members are appointed for a joint three-year term
3.	A Management Board Member shall hand in the resignation from their function to another
	Management Board Member or to an authorized representative and shall notify the
	Chairman of the Supervisory Board of their resignation. If as a result of the resignation
	of a Management Board Member no position in the Management Board is filled, the
	Management Board Member shall hand in their resignation to the Supervisory Board
	§ 13
1.	The Management Board members or the entire Management Board are appointed and recalled by the Supervisory Board, subject to the provisions of § 14
2.	The Supervisory Board nominates a member of the Management Board after the conduct
	of the qualification procedure whose aim is verifying and assessing the qualifications of
	candidates and selecting the best candidate for the position of a Member of the Board
3.	The Supervisory Board conducts the qualification procedure if circumstances occur
	which justify the appointment of a Member of the Board,
4.	The Supervisory Board initiating the qualification procedure for the position of the
	Member of the Board specifies, by a resolution, detailed rules and mode of the procedure
	including in particular: the position being the subject of the procedure, date and place of
	admitting applications, date and place of conducting the qualification interview, scope of
	issues being the subject of the qualification interview, requirements and method of
	candidate assessment

5.	A candidate for a Member of the Board must satisfy the requirements specified in item 8 and 9.					
6.	. A notice of the qualification procedure is published on the Company's website and in the					
	Authorized Entity's Public Information Bulletin,					
7.	(Rej	pealed)				
8.	A ca	andidate for a Member of the Board of the Company may be a person who satisfies				
	the	following cumulative conditions:				
	a)	holds a higher qualification or higher qualification obtained abroad and recognized				
		in the Republic of Poland, subject to separate provisions				
	b)	holds at least 5 years of employment period based on a contract of employment, appointment, election, nomination, co-operative contract of employment, or provision of services based on another agreement or conducting business operations on own account,				
	c)	holds at least 3 years of experience on managerial positions or independent positions or resulting from conducting business operations on own account,				
	d)	satisfies requirements other than those mentioned in letter a-c specified in separate provisions, and in particular does not infringe upon limitations and prohibition to hold a position of a member of a management body in commercial companies;				
9.	Add	litionally, a candidate for the position of a member of the Management Board may not				
	be a	person who satisfies at least one on the below mentioned conditions:				
	a)	holds a position of a social co-worker or is employed in a constituency office, senator's office, constituency and senator's office or an European Parliament member's office based on a contract of employment or provides work services based on a contract of mandate or another contract of a similar nature,				
	b)	is a member of a body of a political party representing the political party and authorized to draw liabilities,				
	c)	is employed by a political party based on a contract of employment or provides work services based on a contract of mandate or another contract of a similar nature,-				
	d)	holds a position in a company trade union or company trade union in a group company,				
	e)	their social or paid for operations give raise to a conflict of interests in relation to the company's operations.				

1.	Pur	suant to the provisions of the act on commercialization and some authorities of			
	emp	ployees, if the average annual employment in the Company totals to over 500			
	emp	ployees, the Supervisory Board appoints one person to the Management Board elected			
	by t	he Company's employees for the term of the Management Board			
2.	A c	andidate for a Management Board member elected by employees is deemed to be the			
	pers	on who receives an absolute majority of validly cast votes in the election. The voting			
	out	come will be binding on the body authorized to appoint members of the Management			
	Boa	rd, provided that at least 50% of all employees participate in the election			
3.	The	election is conducted by secret, classified ballot in a general vote, supervised by			
	Elec	ction Committees appointed by the Supervisory Board from among the Company's			
	emp	ployees. For organizational structures composed of multiple entities, the vote will be			
	orga	anized and conducted by the Central Election Committee, assisted by Local Election			
	Cor	nmittees. A candidate cannot be a member of an Election Committee			
4.	The	Company's employees' failure to elect a Management Board member will not affect			
	the	the validity of resolutions adopted by the Management Board			
5.	The	The Management Board is required to provide the assistance necessary to conduct an			
	elec	tion			
6.	The	Supervisory Board adopts the rules and regulations for holding elections, including			
	the	detailed rules and procedure for appointing and dismissing Management Board			
	mer	nbers elected by employees and for holding supplementary elections			
7.	The	following rules and procedure for appointing and dismissing Management Board			
	mer	members elected by employees and for holding supplementary elections are hereby			
	esta	blished:			
	1)	A candidate may be a person who fulfills the requirements set forth in generally			
		applicable laws and who is proposed in accordance with the procedure provided for			
		in § 14(7)(2)			
	2)	The right to propose candidates is vested in any trade union organization operating			
		in the Company or in any group of at least 300 employees. An employee may			
		support only a single candidate			
	3)	(Repealed)			

In the event of failure to elect the respective member in accordance with § 14(2), a 4) second round of the election will be held with the two candidates who received the largest number of votes in the first round. -----The second round of election will be conducted in accordance with the procedure 5) established for the first round. -----After determining the final outcome of the election, the Chief Election Commission 6) will assert the validity of the election and then make the pertinent announcement and forward the election documentation to the Supervisory Board. -----7) Promptly upon receipt of the election documentation, the Supervisory Board will appoint the Management Board member elected by employees. -----§ 15 The Supervisory Board will call an election of an employee-elected Management Board member within two months from the lapse of one full financial year of a Management Board member term. The vote should take place within one month from the date of its announcement by the Supervisory Board. -----In the event of recalling, resignation or death of an employee-elected Management Board member, a by-election will be held. -----The Supervisory Board will call a by-election within one month from the Supervisory Board being notified of an event justifying the by-election. The by-election should occur within one month from its announcement by the Supervisory Board. -----

1.

2.

3.

4.

#### § 16

The provisions of § 14 apply to the by-election accordingly. -----

- 1. A Management Contract will be concluded between the Supervisory Board and the employee-elected Management Board member for the duration of their term on the Board, setting out their new rights and responsibilities arising from their managerial position, in accordance with the Commercial Companies Code of 15 September 2000 and the Statute.
- 2. The employee-elected Management Board member, as an employee of the Company, retains its employee benefits unless otherwise stated in the prevailing provisions of law.

The principles of determining the remuneration and amount of remuneration for members of the Management Board are set by the General Meeting taking into account the provisions of the act of 9 June 2016 on the principles of determining the remunerations of persons managing some companies.

# § 19

- 1. The Company is an employer within the meaning of the Labor Code. The Company's branch offices may obtain the employee status pursuant to a resolution of the Company's Management Board.
- 2. Labor law actions are performed by a person appointed by the Management Board. In the contracts between a Management Board member and the Company and in any disputes between them, the Company is represented by the Supervisory Board or an attorney appointed by the General Meetings. ------

#### **B SUPERVISORY BOARD**

# § 20

1. The Supervisory Board continuously oversees the Company's activity in all its areas. --

2.	In ac	ddition to	o other matters stipulated in mandatory provisions of the law and this Statute,			
	the S	Superviso	ory Board has the following duties:			
	1)	appoin	ting an audit firm to audit the Company's financial statements,			
	2)	(Repea	ıled)			
	3)	definin	g the scope and setting the deadlines for the submission of the annual			
	mate	material and financial plans and strategic long-term plans by the Management Board,				
	4)	approv	ing the Company's long-term strategic plans,			
	5)	approv	ing annual material and financial plans, including investment plans and			
	prov	isional a	innual material and financial plans,			
	6)	comme	enting on all the matters to be submitted by the Management Board to the			
	Gen	eral Shaı	reholders Meeting for consideration,			
	7)	adoptii	ng Supervisory Board regulations,			
	8)	approv	al of the Management Board regulations of the Company,			
	9)	approv	ing the Company's organizational by-laws,			
	10)	issuing	opinions on reports prepared by the Management Board on:			
		a)	representation expenditures, expenses on legal services, marketing services,			
			public relations services and social communication services and consultancy			
			services related to the management, and			
		b)	compliance with the good practices defined by the Prime Minister pursuant			
			to Article 7(3)(2) of the act on the principles of state assets management,			
	11)	issuing	g opinions on the principles of selling fixed assets specified in § 36,			
	12)	approv	ing the remuneration policy of a capital group,			
	13)	adoptii	ng the uniform text of the Company's Statute			
3.			of the Supervisory Board include approving the following decisions of the			
	Man	Management Board:				
	1)	disposa	al of fixed assets within the meaning of the Act of 29 September 1994 on			
		accoun	ting, classified as intangible assets, tangible fixed assets or long-term			
		investr	ments, including making a contribution to a company or a cooperative, if the			
		market	value of such assets exceeds PLN 20,000,000 or 5% of the total assets within			
		the me	eaning of the act on accounting, determined based on the last approved			
		financi	al statements, and handing over these assets for use to another entity for a			
		period	longer than 180 days in a calendar year, on the basis of a legal act, if the			
		market	value of the subject of the legal act exceeds PLN 500,000 or 5% of the total			
		assets.	whereby for handing over for use in the case of:			

- a) lease, tenancy and other agreements to provide an asset for use by other entities in return for payment the market value of the object of the legal act shall be understood as the value of the benefits derived during:----
  - a. one year if the return of the asset was based on a contract concluded for an indefinite period of time,-----
  - b. the whole duration of the contract, in the case of fixed-term contracts,
- b) loan agreements and other gratuitous agreements for handing over an asset for use by other entities the market value of the object of a legal act shall be understood as the equivalent of the benefits that would be due in the event of concluding a lease or tenancy agreement, during:-----
  - a. one year if the return of the asset was based on a contract concluded for an indefinite period of time,-----
  - b. the whole duration of the contract, in the case of fixed-term contracts, ---
- any instance of assuming the lease, tenancy, renting, borrowing or other use of real property, on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, with the value of the rent for twelve consecutive months exceeding the equivalent of PLN 20,000,000,------
- 3) acquisition of fixed assets within the meaning of the act of 29 September 1994 on accounting, with a value exceeding:----
  - a. PLN 100,000,000 or -----
  - 5% of total assets within the meaning of the Accounting Act of 29
     September 1994, determined on the basis of the most recent approved financial statements,
- any instance of leasing, renting, borrowing, usufructing or otherwise using a noncurrent asset, except for real estate, on the basis of one or more legal acts for a period of twelve consecutive months, with the value of rent for the period of twelve consecutive months exceeding the equivalent of PLN 20,000,000,
- implementing projects, unless they are accounted for in the approved annual investment plan, and their value exceeds 10% of the value of investments in the approved annual plan, except for investments in financial assets aimed at investing surplus funds as part of day-to-day management, ------
- 6) issuing guarantees and sureties by the Company which, on the basis of one or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months, and towards one entity, exceed the equivalent of PLN 20,000,000, ------

7)	issuing promissory notes with a value exceeding PLN 20,000,000 and blank				
	promissory notes,				
8)	incurring other obligations than those described above, which, on the basis of one				
	or more legal acts during twelve consecutive months exceed the equivalent of PLN				
	20,000,000, with the exception of:				
	<ul> <li>a. legal acts carried out by the Management Board as part of its duties defined in the provisional annual material and financial plan or the annual material and financial plan approved by the Supervisory Board, which expressly states that no such approval is required to carry out the duty,</li> <li>b. contracts or undertakings and other activities associated with the conduct of the Company's core business related to trading in electricity and gaseous fuels, in particular in respect of:</li></ul>				
	fuels,				
	— provision of services related to the transmission or distribution o				
	electricity or gaseous fuels,				
	— purchase or sale of property rights arising from certificates of origin				
	for electricity generated from renewable energy sources, in				
	cogeneration, from agricultural biogas or certificates of origin fo				
	agricultural biogas,				
	— purchase or sale of property rights arising from energy efficiency				
	certificates,				
	— purchase or sale of guarantees of origin,				
	— provision of comprehensive road lighting services,				
	c. contracts or undertakings and other activities entered into with a				
	Subsidiary if the Company is the sole shareholder of such Subsidiary,				
9)	establishing branch offices, representative offices and other entities as well as				
	participating in other companies and ventures outside the territory of the Republic				
	of Poland,				
10)	the Company establishing or joining another company in the Republic of Poland i				
	the purchase price for the share(s) or the advance on the contribution in a civi				
	partnership exceeds PLN 20.000.000				

PLN 20,000,000 or, -----a) 10% of total assets within the meaning of the Accounting Act of 29 September b) 1994, determined on the basis of the most recent approved financial statements, disposing of shares in other companies of the market value exceeding: -----12) PLN 20,000,000 or, ----a) 10% of total assets within the meaning of the Accounting Act of 29 September b) 1994, determined on the basis of the most recent approved financial statements, 13) conclusion of a contract for legal services, marketing services, public relations services and social communication services and consultancy services related to the management if the amount of remuneration foreseen for the provided services in the contract or other contracts concluded with the same entity exceeds PLN 500,000 net annually, -----14) amendment of a contract for legal services, marketing services, public relations services and social communication services and consultancy services related to the management increasing the remuneration above the amount mentioned in item 13) above, ----conclusion of a contract for legal services, marketing services, public relations 15) services and social communication services and consultancy services related to the management in which the maximum value of the remuneration is not set, -----conclusion of a contract of donation or another contract with a similar effect of the 16) value exceeding PLN 20,000 or 0.1% of the sum of assets under the act of 29 September 1994 on accounting, determined based on the last approved financial statements, ----conclusion of a contract of debt release or another contract with a similar effect of the value exceeding PLN 50,000 or 0.1% of the sum of assets under the act of 29 September 1994 on accounting, determined based on the last approved financial statements. -----The requirement of obtaining the Supervisory Board's approval set out in § 20 item 2 and 3 above applies only if the General Meeting of Shareholders is not authorized, under this Statute or by law, to grant its consent to such actions. If the General Meeting is authorized

4.

subscribing for or purchasing shares in other companies, with the value exceeding:

to grant its consent to such actions, the Supervisory Board should comment on the admissibility of such actions beforehand.

- 5. Other authorities of the Supervisory Board include: ------
  - 1) making requests and motions as regards the determination of the remunerating principles and amount of remuneration for members of the Management Board subject to § 18, ------
  - 2) suspending Management Board members in the performance of their duties for valid reasons, ------
  - 3) granting consent for Management Board members to participate in the corporate bodies of other companies, ------
  - 4) (Repealed)
  - 5) in companies with respect to which the Company is a parent undertaking within the meaning of Article 4(3) of the Act of 16 February 2007 on Competition and Consumer Protection, the consent of the Supervisory Board is required to determine the exercise of voting rights at the General Meeting or the General Meeting of a Material Subsidiary in the following matters:
    - a. (Repealed),
    - b. amending the company's articles of association or articles of partnership and the company's line of business,
    - c. merger, transformation, demerger, dissolution or liquidation of the company,
    - d. increase or decrease of the company's share capital,
    - e. sale or lease of the company's business or an organized part thereof or establishment of a limited right in rem thereon,
    - f. retirement of shares,
    - g. rules for setting the compensation of members of management boards and supervisory boards,
    - h. decisions on claims to remedy damages incurred when setting up a company or in its management or oversight,
    - i. as referred to in Article 17 of the Act of 16 December 2016 on the Rules for Managing State Property.

- 1. The Supervisory Board may, for valid reasons, delegate its members to perform certain supervisory activities individually for a fixed period of time, pursuant to Article 390 § 2 of the Commercial Companies Code. -----
- 2. A delegated Supervisory Board member is required to submit a written report on his/her activity to the Supervisory Board, as set out in the relevant Supervisory Board resolution.

- 1. The Supervisory Board is composed of 6 to 15 members. -----
- 2. Supervisory Board members are appointed for a joint three-year term. ------
- 3. Supervisory Board members should meet the requirements prescribed by law. -----
- 4. Subject to § 24, the Supervisory Board members are nominated and recalled by the General Meeting. -----
- 6. A motion for the nomination of the Supervisory Board member is filed to the Management Board, however if the motion is made during a General Meeting whose object is to elect the Supervisory Board, the motion in order to be valid should be made to the Chairman of the General Meeting immediately after his/her appointment, however not later than before the commencement of the voting on the nomination of members of the Supervisory Board. Each of the motions is a subject of a separate voting. -------
- 8. The Supervisory Board member mentioned in item 7 is obliged to submit a written statement to the Company regarding the satisfaction of all the independence criteria along with the obligation to immediately inform the Company of ceasing to satisfy the independence criteria.

9.	Failure to nominate the Supervisory Board member as referred to in § 24 or failure to
	elect by the General Meeting of the Supervisory Board members satisfying the
	independence criteria mentioned in item 7, or failure to elect the Supervisory Board
	members mentioned in § 23, and also the expiry of the mandates of these members during
	the term, shall not constitute any hindrance to adopt valid resolutions by the Supervisory
	Board

1. The employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries are entitled to elect Supervisory Board members in the manner set out by the prevailing provisions of law, including the provisions of the Act on Commercialization and Certain Employee Rights. ------2. The provisions of § 14, § 15 and § 16 apply to the election and dismissal of Supervisory Board members referred to in item 1 and to the holding of supplementary elections, as the case may be, provided that: -----1) where the provisions on the election of Supervisory Board members refer to employees, employees of the Company or a trade union organization operating in the Company, this will be construed as employees of the Company and/or its Subsidiaries and trade union organizations operating in the Company or its Subsidiaries, as the case may be, ------2) such election should be held within a period of no more than two months after it is called by the Supervisory Board, ----the outcome of the vote will be binding on the General Meeting regardless of the 3) number of employees participating in the vote, -----4) an employee may vote for as many candidates as there are Supervisory Board members to be elected in the respective election, ------5) in the event of failure to elect all or some of the Supervisory Board members in the first round, a second round of the election will be held, -----6) the second round will be attended by two candidates – for each of the vacant seats - who received the largest number of votes in the first round, ----the Supervisory Board members elected by employees in the second round will be 7) considered those candidates who receive the largest number of votes ranked from the top to the place corresponding to the number of vacant mandate seats, ------

- 8) the Supervisory Board will call a supplementary election within one month after the Supervisory Board is notified of the occurrence of an event justifying the holding of an election. Such election should be held within two months after they are called by the Supervisory Board. ------
- 3. The Supervisory Board adopts the rules and regulations for holding elections, including the detailed rules and procedure for appointing and dismissing Supervisory Board members elected by employees of the Company and its Subsidiaries and for holding supplementary elections. ------

#### § 25

- 1. Members of the Supervisory Board during the first meeting shall elect from among the members a Deputy Chairman and Secretary of the Supervisory Board. -----
- 2. The Supervisory Board may dismiss the Deputy Chairman and Secretary of the Supervisory Board from their function. -----
- 3. Any statements addressed to the Supervisory Board between meetings will be received by the Chairman of the Board, and if this is not possible, by the Deputy Chairman or the Secretary.

- 1. The Supervisory Board convenes at least once every two months. ------
- 2. The first meeting of the newly-appointed Supervisory Board is convened by a resolution of the General Shareholders Meeting that appointed the members of the Supervisory

Board on a date falling within one month from the date of the General Shareholders Meeting. If the Supervisory Board meeting is not convened within the above deadline, the Supervisory Board meeting will be deemed to be convened on the first business day following the lapse of one month from the date of the General Shareholders Meeting. If the General Shareholders Meeting does not appoint the Supervisory Board within the mode provided for in this item 2 three members of the Supervisory Board acting jointly are authorized to convene the meeting in the seat of the Company before the date mentioned in the preceding sentence.

- 3. Subject to the provisions of § 26 item 2, Supervisory Board meetings are convened by the Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Supervisory Board. ------
- 4. A Supervisory Board meeting should be convened at the request of any Supervisory Board member or at the request of the Management Board. -----
- 5. Supervisory Board meetings are chaired by its Chairman, or, in his/her absence, by the Deputy Chairman or other Supervisory Board member appointed at the meeting. ------

- 1. The Supervisory Board adopts its resolutions by open ballot unless otherwise provided for by law. The Supervisory Board may adopt resolutions following the written procedure or via remote means of direct communication.
- 2. The Supervisory Board may adopt resolutions if at least half of its members are present at the meeting. ------
- 3. Supervisory Board resolutions are adopted by an absolute majority of votes. If an equal number of votes are cast for and against the resolutions, the Chairman of the Supervisory Board will cast the deciding vote.
- 4. The Supervisory Board may: -----
  - 1) adopt resolutions via phone or other remote communication media, in a manner that enables direct communication of all members of the Supervisory Board, ------
  - 2) adopt resolutions without holding a meeting by placing signatures on the same copy (copies) of a draft resolution or on different documents with the same contents, and the adoption of a resolution in this manner requires a prior justification and presenting the draft resolution to all the Supervisory Board members together with the justification. ------

5.	Supervisory Board members may participate in adopting resolutions by casting votes in
	writing through another Supervisory Board member, subject to Article 388 § 2 of the
	Commercial Companies Code

- 1. Supervisory Board members exercise their rights and perform their obligations personally.
- 2. Supervisory Board Members should specify in writing the reasons for their absence from a meeting. Excusing the absence of a Supervisory Board Member requires a resolution of the Supervisory Board.
- 3. Supervisory Board members are entitled to a monthly remuneration in the amount determined by the General Shareholders Meeting, taking into account any applicable laws.
- 4. The Company covers the costs incurred in connection with the performance of the duties entrusted to the Supervisory Board members. -----

#### C GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS MEETING

- 1. The Company's Management Board convenes the General Shareholders Meeting in instances set out in the provisions of law and the provisions of the Statute, as well as upon the written request of the State Treasury shareholder, in accordance with § 31 item 1 below.
- 2. The General Meeting should be convened within two weeks from the date of the request referred to in item 1. ------
- 3. If the General Meeting is not convened within the deadline specified in item 2, the State Treasury shareholder is entitled to convene the General Meeting pursuant to Article 354 § 1 of the Commercial Companies Code. ------
- 4. A General Shareholders Meeting in whose agenda specific items were included at the request of eligible parties or which was convened at the request of eligible parties may only be cancelled with the consent of the persons making such a request. In other instances, a General Meeting may be cancelled if holding it at the original date would meet extraordinary obstacles or would become pointless beyond reasonable doubt. A General Meeting is cancelled in the same manner in which it is convened, ensuring the least possible negative consequences for the company and its shareholders, and in any

#### § 30

- 1. The Company's General Shareholders Meetings are held in Warsaw or in the Company's registered office. -----
- 2. Participation in the General Meeting is possible via electronic means of communication.

  A decision about the admissibility of participation in the General Meeting in the manner referred to in the first sentence is made by the person convening the meeting.-----
- 3. The Supervisory Board adopts the Regulations for holding the General Meeting via electronic means of communication. In all other respects, the pertinent provisions of the Act of 15 September 2000 entitled Commercial Companies Code shall apply.------

1.	Unl	ess otherwise stated in the Commercial Companies Code and in item 2, resolutions of			
	the	General Shareholders Meeting are adopted by an absolute majority of votes			
2.	Res	olutions concerning the following matters may be adopted if at least half of the			
	Company's share capital is represented at the General Shareholders Meeting and they				
	requ	ire a four-fifths majority of votes if the State Treasury is no longer the majority			
	shar	reholder of the Company:			
	1)	dissolution of the Company,			
	2)	relocating the Company's registered office overseas,			
	3)	changes in the Company's corporate objects that restrict the Company's ability to			
		conduct its activity in the manner defined in § 5 items 1-4 above,			
	4)	disposal and lease of the Company's business or an organized part thereof whose			
		corporate objects are the activities referred to in § 5 items 1-4 above, and			
		establishing limited rights in rem on the Company's business or such organized part			
		thereof,			
	5)	a merger of the Company through the transfer of all its assets to another company,			
	6)	a demerger of the Company,			
	7)	the Company's shares obtaining preferred status,			
	8)	establishing, converting into or joining a European Company,			
	9)	amendment of this § 32 of the Statute			
3.	One	share entitles to one vote at the General Shareholders Meeting			
		§ 33			
The	duties	s of the General Shareholders Meeting, in addition to matters stipulated in mandatory			
prov	isions	s of the law and other provisions of this Statute, are as follows:			
1)	appo	ointing and recalling Supervisory Board members, subject to the provisions of § 24			
	item	1 above,			
2)	adoj	oting the regulations of the General Shareholders Meeting that set out detailed terms			
	of c	onducting meetings and adopting resolutions,			
3)	issu	ing convertible or exchangeable bonds and other instruments enabling the purchase			
	or subscription for the Company's shares				

#### § 35

The purchase and disposal of real property, perpetual usufruct or real property interest, i.e. activities as set out in Article 393 item 4 of the Commercial Companies Code, do not require the approval of the General Shareholders Meeting. ------

- 2. The company may dispose of fixed assets without a tender or an auction if: ----
  - the subject of the agreement are shares or other elements of the financial fixed assets or licenses, patents or other industrial property rights or know-how if the conditions and the mode of sale other than in a public tender or an auction are specified in a resolution of the Supervisory Board, ------
  - 2) the sale takes place in the liquidation procedure subject to the terms specified in a resolution of the General Meeting subject to separate provisions, ------
  - the subject of sale are residential apartments owned by the company, and the sale takes place for the price not lower than 50% of their market value, to the tenant or a close person permanently residing with them in the meaning of Article 4 item 13 of the act of 21 August 1997 on property management; the price is specified taking into account that the subject of sale includes occupied apartments; the value of improvements made by the tenant are credited towards the price of the apartment,
  - 4) in other justified cases, on the motion of the Management Board, for the price and subject to the terms specified in the Supervisory Board's resolution, ------

	5)	the sale is performed to subsidiaries,
	6)	the subject of the sale is allowances for emission of CO2 and their equivalents
3.	The	following mode of selling fixed assets is hereby determined:
	1)	A tender or auction invitation is published in the Public Information Bulletin on the
		Authorized Entity's website, on the Company's website, in a visible, publicly
		available place in the Company's seat and in other places in which notices are
		customarily published/made
	2)	The tender or auction may be conducted not earlier than after 14 days of the
		publication of the tender or auction invitation
	3)	The following entities may not be offerers in the tender or auction:
		a) Members of the Company's Management Board and Supervisory Board,
		b) a business entity conducting the tender or auction procedure and its Members
		of the Management Board and Supervisory Board,
		c) entities to whom the performance of activities related to the conduct of the
		tender or auction was entrusted,
		d) a spouse, children and siblings of persons mentioned in items a-c,
		e) persons who remain in a legal or factual relation with the person conducting
		the tender or auction which may give reasonable doubts as regards the
		impartiality of the person conducting the tender or auction
4.	The	condition for accessing the tender or auction is paying a bid security in the amount
	of a	t least 5% of the asking price of the sold fixed assets. The Regulations mentioned in
	item	7 may foresee a higher bid security
5.	Bef	ore accessing the tender or auction, the Company specifies the asking price which
	may	not be lower than the market value set by appraisers; if such a value may not be
	dete	rmined, the price may not be lower than the net book value
6.	The	company may withdraw from the valuation of the sold fixed assets by an appraiser if:
	1)	the cost of appraisal evidently exceeds the market value,
	2)	the element of fixed assets has a fixed market price
7.	The	regulations determining the principles and mode of conducting the tender or auction
	proc	redure, the content of the tender or auction invitation, the form of the tender or auction
	and	conditions governing the tender or auction procedure are specified by the Company.
8.	The	tender or auction organizer has the right to close the tender or auction without
	sele	cting any offer, giving no reasons therefor
9.	The	tender or auction is won by the offerer who has made the highest bid

V. C	OMPANY BUSINESS
	§ 37
1.	The Company's financial year is the calendar year
2.	The Company's books of account are maintained in compliance with the law and the
	accounting principles adopted by the Management Board
	§ 38
1.	The Company established the following capitals and funds:
	1) share capital,
	2) reserve capital,
	3) revaluation reserve,
	4) other reserve capitals,
	5) employee benefit fund
2.	The Company may establish and close other capitals to cover specific losses or
	expenditures on the basis of resolutions of the Shareholders Meeting
	§ 39
	ect to the provisions of law and the approval of the Supervisory Board, the Company's agement Board may disburse advance dividends to its shareholders.
ivian	agement Board may disourse advance dividends to its snareholders.
VI. I	FINAL PROVISIONS
	§ 40
1.	Announcements published in the official Court Gazette (Polish: Monitor Sądowy
	i Gospodarczy) should be displayed in the registered office of the Company's
	Management Board, in a generally accessible area.
2.	All the amounts referred to in this Statute are net of tax
3.	(Repealed)
4.	(Repealed)

- 5. Whenever the Statute refers to a "Material Subsidiary", it shall be construed to mean a Subsidiary in which the book value of the Company's interest as shown in the Company's most recently approved financial statements is greater than 10% (ten percent) of the Company's equity.
- 7. Whenever the Statute refers to a "Subsidiary", it shall be construed to mean a subsidiary of the Company within the meaning of Article 3(1)(39) of the Accounting Act of 29 September 1994.
- 8. Any mention in this Statute of an "Authorized Entity" should be construed as an entity authorized to exercise the rights attaching to the shares held by the State Treasury. ------